

(2019-20)

Mathematics

Topic: Rational Numbers

Class

Max. Marks : 25

Duration: 45 Min.

Date :

VIII

Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- Section A is comprised of 15 multiple choice questions carrying 1 mark each.
- Section B is comprised of 3 questions carrying 3, 3 and 4 marks respectively.
- Use of calculator is not permitted.
- Objectives of test paper. (i) To assess the conceptual understanding of students. (ii) To make them attempt subjective questions as required in CBSE Board Exam.

Section – A

1.	Which of the following is incorrect ?							
	(a) rational numbers are closed under addition							
	(b) rational numbers are closed under multiplication							
	(c) rational numbers are closed under division							
	(d)	(d) rational numbers are closed under subtraction.						
2.	If M is the reciprocal of a rational number N. Then the difference of product of M & N and 1 is:							
	(a)	MN	(b)	MN-1	(c)	0	(d)	not possible
3.	The denominator of the rational number 5.2 in the $\frac{p}{q}$ form is: COS							
	(a)	100	(b)	6	(c)	5	(d)	1
4.	Which of the following statements show the distributive law for rational numbers x, y, z							
	(a)	$[\mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{y}] + \mathbf{z} = (\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{z})$;) (y -	+ z)	(b)	$[x + y] \times z = xz + yz$;	
	(c)	$[x \times y] \times z = x \times z$	×y	×Z	(d)	none		
5.	The rational number which does not have a reciprocal is :							
	(a)	5	(b)	not defined	(c)	no such number	(d)	0
6.	The rational number equal to its negative is							
	(a)	1	(b)	-5	(c)	0	(d)	no such number
7.	The sum of negative of negative of a number and negative of positive of the number is :							
	(a)	the number itself	(b)	0	(c)	1	(d)	none
8. Which of the following is the largest negative integer?								
	(a)	-999	(b)	0	(c)	-1	(d)	does not exist
9.	Which of the following is the largest set of numbers?							
	(a)	whole numbers	(b)	integers	(c)	rational numbers	(d)	natural numbers
10.	A rational number between half of 5 and half of 7 is :							
	(a)	2	(b)	5.5	(c)	6	(d)	3
11.	When we divide additive inverse of 3 with the multiplicative inverse of 3, the result is :							e result is :
	(a)	- 9	(b)	0	(c)	1	(d)	3

12.

- (a) addition of rational numbers is commutative
- (b) rational numbers are closed under addition
- (c) addition of rational numbers is associative
- (d) rational numbers are distributive under addition
- **13.** Which of the following expressions show that rational numbers are associative under multiplication ?
 - (a) $\frac{2}{3} \times \left(\frac{-6}{7} \times \frac{3}{5}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{-6}{7}\right) \times \frac{3}{5}$ (b) $\frac{2}{3} \times \left(\frac{-6}{7} \times \frac{3}{5}\right) = \frac{2}{3} \times \left(\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{-6}{7}\right)$ (c) $\frac{2}{3} \times \left(\frac{-6}{5} \times \frac{3}{5}\right) = \left(\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3}\right) \times \frac{-6}{7}$ (d) $\left(\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{-6}{7}\right) \times \frac{3}{5} = \left(\frac{-6}{7} \times \frac{2}{3}\right) \times \frac{3}{5}$
- **14.** Which of the following statements is always true ?
 - (a) $\frac{x-y}{2}$ is a rational number between x and y
 - (b) $\frac{x+y}{2}$ is a rational number between x and y
 - (c) $\frac{x \times y}{2}$ is a rational number between x and y
 - (d) $\frac{x \div y}{2}$ is a rational number between x and y
- **15.** The reciprocal of $\frac{2}{5} \times \left(\frac{-4}{9}\right)$ is:
 - (a) $\frac{-45}{8}$ (b) $\frac{45}{8}$ (c) $\frac{-24}{59}$ (d) none of these

- 1. Find six rational numbers between $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{5}$.
- **2.** Divide the sum of $\frac{3}{8}$ and $\frac{-5}{12}$ by the reciprocal of $\frac{-15}{8} \times \frac{16}{27}$.
- **3.** Using appropriate properties find:

$$\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{1}{7} + \frac{7}{9} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

OR

Verify associative property for multiplication for the following:

$$x = \frac{1}{2}, y = \frac{21}{15} and z = \frac{4}{7}$$



Hints/Solutions to Chapter End Test

(2019-20)



STUDY*mate*

 $= \frac{84}{210}$ $= \frac{2}{5}$ RHS: $(x \times y) \times z$ $= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{21}{15}\right) \times \frac{4}{7}$ $= \frac{21}{30} \times \frac{4}{7}$ $= \frac{84}{210}$ $= \frac{2}{5}$ LHS = RHS



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